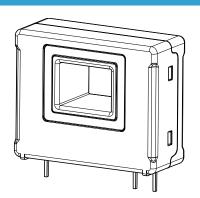


Current Sensor

Model Number:

CS3A 50 P01 CS3A 100 P01







For the electronic measurement of current:DC,AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary and the secondary circuits.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current sensor using the Hall Effect
- ♦ Galvanic separation between primary and secondary
- ♦ Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- ♦ Very good linearity
- ♦ High accuracy
- ♦ Very low offset drift over temperature
- ♦ No insertion loss
- ♦ Standards:
 - IEC 60664-1:2020
 - IEC 61800-5-1:2022
 - IEC 62109-1:2010

Applications

- ♦ AC variable speed and servo motor drives
- ♦ Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- ♦ Static converters for DC motor drives
- ♦ Switch Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- ♦ Power supplies for welding applications
- ♦ Battery management
- ♦ Wind energy inverter
- ♦ Test and detection devices

Safety

This sensor must be used according to IEC 61800-5-1.

This sensor must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the following manufacture's operating instructions.

Caution, risk of electrical shock!





When operating the sensor, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g., Primary busbar, power supply). Ignore this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This sensor is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Absolute maximum ratings(not operating)

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	V _C	V	± 18
Primary conductor temperature	T_{B}	°C	100

[※] Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage.

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Ambient operating temperature	T _A	°	-40		85	
Ambient storge temperature	T _S	°C	-40		90	
Mass	m	g		20		

Insulation coordination

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
Rms voltage for AC insulation test @ 50Hz,1min	V d	kV	3	According to IEC 60664-1
Impulse withstand voltage1.2/50µs	Vw	kV	7	According to IEC 60664-1
Clearance (prisec.)	d сı	mm	6.7	
Creepage distance (prisec.)	d Cp	mm	6.7	
Plastic case	-	-	UL94-V0	
Comparative traking index	CTI	PLC	3	
Application example	ı	1	300V	Reinforced insulation,According to IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 62109-1CATⅢ, PD2
Application example	-	-	600V	Basic insulation,According to IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 62109-1CATⅢ, PD2

^{*} Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may degrade reliability.



Electrical data

CS3A 50 P01

 \times With T_A = 25°C, V_C = ±15V, R_M = 30Ω,unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Primary nominal rms current	<i>I</i> _{PN}	А		±50		
Primary current, measuring range	/ PM	Α	-90		90	
Measuring resistance	R _M	Ω	0		113	@±12V, 85°C, ±50A
			0		73	@±12V, 85°C, ±90A
weasuming resistance			30		229	@±15V, 85°C, ±50A
			30		157	@±15V, 85°C, ±90A
Secondary nominal rms current	<i>I</i> sn	mA		±50		
Secondary current,measuring range	<i>I</i> SP	mA	-90		90	
Secondary coil resistance	Rs	Ω		30		@ 70℃
Number of secondary turns	Ns	-		1000		
Theoretical sensitivity	G_{th}	mA/A		1.0		
Supply voltage	V _C	V	±12		±15	@ ±5%
Current consumption	<i>I</i> c	mA		30+ <i>I</i> s		
Zero offset current	Ю	mA	-0.2	±0.1	0.2	
Thermal drift of offset current	<i>I</i> OT	mA	-0.5	±0.3	0.5	@ -40°C~85°C
Residual current@ I _P =0 after 1xI _{PN}	/ ом	mA	-0.2	±0.1	0.2	
Sensitivity error	$\mathcal{E}_{ ext{G}}$	%	-0.1		0.1	Exclusive of I _O
Linearity error 0I _{PN}	\mathcal{E}_{L}	% of <i>I</i> _{PN}	-0.1	±0.05	0.1	Exclusive of I ₀
Accuracy @ I _{PN}	Χ	% of <i>I</i> _{PN}	-0.5	±0.3	0.5	Exclusive of Io
Response time@ 90% of I _{PN}	t r	μs		0.5		
Frequency bandwidth (-1dB)	BW	kHz		150		



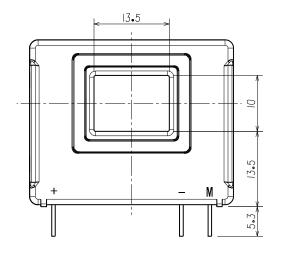
Electrical data

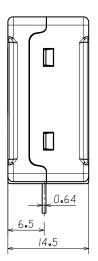
CS3A 100 P01

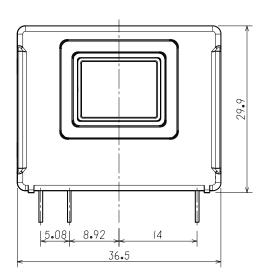
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Primary nominal rms current	<i>I</i> PN	Α		±100		
Primary current, measuring range	I PM	Α	-150		150	
Measuring resistance	R _M	Ω	0		63	@±12V, 85°C, ±100A
			0		31	@±12V, 85°C, ±150A
			30		99	@±15V, 85°C, ±100A
			30		55	@±15V, 85°C, ±150A
Secondary nominal rms current	<i>I</i> sn	mA		±100		
Secondary current,measuring range	<i>I</i> SP	mA	-150		150	
Secondary coil resistance	Rs	Ω		30		@ 70°C
Number of secondary turns	Ns	1		1000		
Theoretical sensitivity	G_{th}	mA/A		1.0		
Supply voltage	V c	V	±12		±15	@ ±5%
Current consumption	<i>I</i> c	mA		30+ <i>I</i> s		
Zero offset current	Ю	mA	-0.2	±0.1	0.2	
Thermal drift of offset current	<i>I</i> от	mA	-0.5	±0.3	0.5	@ -40°C~85°C
Residual current@ Ip=0 after 1xIpN	I _{OM}	mA	-0.2	±0.1	0.2	
Sensitivity error	\mathcal{E}_{G}	%	-0.1		0.1	Exclusive of I ₀
Linearity error 0I _{PN}	\mathcal{E}_{L}	% of <i>I</i> _{PN}	-0.1	±0.05	0.1	Exclusive of I ₀
Accuracy @ I _{PN}	X	% of I _{PN}	-0.5	±0.3	0.5	Exclusive of I ₀
Response time@ 90% of I _{PN}	<i>t</i> r	μs		0.5		
Frequency bandwidth (-1dB)	BW	kHz		150		



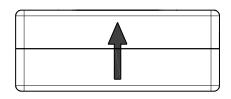
Dimensions (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)

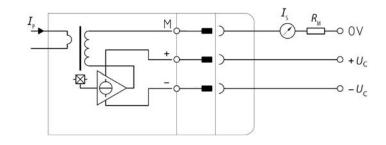






Connection





Mechanical characteristics

♦ General tolerance

±0.3 mm

♦ Primary busbar

13.5x10.0mm

♦ Connection of secondary

3pins

0.64x0.64mm

♦ Recommended PCB hole

Ф1.0mm

Remarks

- ♦ V_{OUT} and I_P are in the same direction, when I_P flows in the direction of arrow.
- → Temperature of primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time)are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.

This is a series of standard models, for different versions (supply voltages,connectors...), please contact CHIPSENSE.